



Toolbox TALK

OSHA'S 2020 TOP 10 VIOLATIONS



The most common violations cover a broad hazard spectrum in general industry and construction. Employers can avoid the most common hazards by:

- Creating a written fall protection program and installing and using preventative (e.g., railings) and protective (e.g., personal fall arrest system) measures.
- Creating a written hazard communication program if employees are at exposure risk to hazardous chemicals. Employers must have SDSs and labels on all chemicals, and employees must receive training before being exposed to any hazardous chemicals.
- Creating a written respiratory protection program if employees are potentially exposed to hazardous atmospheres. Control hazards by avoidance, engineering, or administrative practices, making sure all employees are trained, fit tested, and medically cleared.
- Training scaffolding workers to recognize hazards associated with scaffolding assembly, use, and disassembly, and ensure equipment is inspected daily.
- Training employees on proper portable ladder inspection and usage.
- Controlling hazardous energy using lock-out/tag-out when employees service or perform equipment or machine maintenance.
- Certifying employees who operate powered industrial trucks on each type operated at the facility.
- Ensuring employees receive fall protection training for workers exposed to falls to lower levels.
- Ensuring employees use appropriate eye and face protection when exposed to eye or face hazards. Remember, be situationally aware, observe the hazards surrounding you at work, and take the appropriate corrective actions to eliminate or control those hazards.
- Training employees to recognize machine guarding hazards, including exposure to operation point, nip points, rotating parts, flying chips, and sparks.

Date:

ATTENDANCE RECORD

SUPERVISOR:

CREW MEMBERS PRESENT:

COMMENTS/FEEDBACK: